

# GEORGIA STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION

## EMPLOYER'S FIRST REPORT OF INJURY OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE

NOTE: FAILURE TO SUBMIT THIS REPORT TO INSURER IMMEDIATELY MAY RESULT IN PENALTY. MUST BE TYPED OR PRINTED IN BLACK INK.

Board Claim No.	Employee Last Name	Employee First Name	M.I.	SSN or Board Tracking #	Date of Injury
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### A. IDENTIFYING INFORMATION

<b>EMPLOYEE</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	Birthdate	Phone Number	Employee E-mail		
Address			City	State	Zip Code	
<b>EMPLOYER</b>	Name		NAICS Code	Nature of Business (Trade, Transport, Mfg., etc.)		
Address			Phone Number	Employer FEIN		
City		State	Zip Code	Employer E-mail		
<b>INSURER / SELF-INSURER</b>	Name		Insurer/Self-Insurer FEIN		Insurer/ Self-Insurer File #	
<b>CLAIMS OFFICE</b>	Name		Claims Office FEIN #	Claims Office Phone	Claims Office E-mail	
SBWC ID# (five digit no.)		Address		City	State	Zip Code
<b>EMPLOYMENT/WAGE</b>	Date Hired by Employer	Job Classified Code No.	Number of Days Worked Per Week		Wage rate at time of Injury or Disease:	
Insurer Type Code <input type="checkbox"/> - Insurer <input type="checkbox"/> S-Self-insurer <input type="checkbox"/> Group Fund			List Normally Scheduled Days Off		<input type="checkbox"/> per Hour <input type="checkbox"/> per Day <input type="checkbox"/> per Week <input type="checkbox"/> per Month	
<b>INJURY/ILLNESS &amp; MEDICAL</b>	Time of Injury <input type="checkbox"/> am <input type="checkbox"/> pm	County of Injury		Date Employer had knowledge of Injury	Enter First Date Employee Failed to Work a Full Day	
Did Employee Receive Full Pay on Date of Injury? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Did Injury/Illness Occur on Employer's premises? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Type of Injury/Illness		Body Part Affected		
How Injury or Illness / Abnormal Health Condition Occurred						
Treating Physician (Name and Address)		Initial Treatment Given: <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Minor: By Employer <input type="checkbox"/> Minor: Clinical/Hospital <input type="checkbox"/> Emergency Room <input type="checkbox"/> Hospitalized > 24hrs	Hospital / Treating Facility (Name and Address)		If Returned to Work, Give Date:  Returned at what wage _____ per Week  If Fatal, Enter Complete Date of Death	

Report Prepared By (Print or Type)	Telephone Number	Date of Report
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### B. INCOME BENEFITS Form WC-6 must be filed if weekly benefit is less than maximum

Previously Medical Only <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Average Weekly Wage: \$ _____ Weekly benefit: \$ _____	Date of disability: _____
Date of first Payment: _____ Compensation paid: \$ _____ or Date salary paid: _____ Penalty paid: \$ _____		
BENEFITS ARE PAYABLE FROM _____ FOR:		
<input type="checkbox"/> Temporary total disability <input type="checkbox"/> Temporary partial disability <input type="checkbox"/> Permanent partial disability of _____ % to _____ for _____ weeks.		
UNTIL _____ WHEN THE EMPLOYEE ACTUALLY RETURNED TO WORK WITHOUT RESTRICTIONS. ALL OTHER SUSPENSIONS REQUIRE THE FILING OF FORM WC-2 WITH THE STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION AND THE EMPLOYEE.		

### C. NOTICE TO CONTROVERT PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION

Benefits will not be paid because:
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### D. MEDICAL ONLY No disability paid or controverted

Insurer / Self-Insurer: Type or Print Name of Person Filing Form	Signature	Date
Phone and Ext.	E-mail	

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION AT 404-656-3818 OR 1-800-533-0682 OR VISIT <http://www.sbcw.georgia.gov>

WILLFULLY MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF OBTAINING OR DENYING BENEFITS IS A CRIME SUBJECT TO PENALTIES OF UP TO \$10,000.00 PER VIOLATION (O.C.G.A. §34-9-18 AND §34-9-19).

# GEORGIA STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION

## NOTICE TO EMPLOYER

1. Provide prompt medical attention; allow the employee to select a physician from your posted panel, and explain the panel to the employee.
2. Complete Section A of this form immediately upon your knowledge of an injury and send the WC-1 to your insurance company or self-insurer claims office. **FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN A PENALTY.**  
Do not send this form to the State Board of Workers' Compensation.
3. If you need additional help, call your insurance company or self-insurer claims office.
4. Report serious injuries immediately by telephone to your insurer's claims department, then file this form with your insurance company or self-insurer claims office.

## NOTICE TO INSURER / SELF-INSURER

1. Complete Section B, C, or D.  
This form must be filed with the State Board of Workers' Compensation. A copy of both sides of this form must be sent to the claimant(s) and all counsel of record. Form W-6 must be filed if weekly benefits are less than the maximum.

## NOTICE TO EMPLOYEE

1. This form is provided for your information only.

If Section B is completed, you will receive income benefits on a weekly basis and the employer will pay medical expenses from approved doctors. If you do not receive payment of benefits, or medical bills are not paid, call your employer or your employer's insurance company or self-insurer claims office.

If Section C is completed, your claim of injury has been denied by the employer/insurer. If you disagree with this denial, you must file a form WC-14, Notice of Claim, within one year of the accident with the **State Board of Workers' Compensation, 270 Peachtree Street N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-1299.**

For Information or Assistance, contact:

STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Toll Free Telephone: 1-800-533-0682

In Atlanta: (404) 656-3818

<http://www.sbwc.georgia.gov>

WC-BILL OF RIGHTS

# GEORGIA STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION

## BILL OF RIGHTS FOR THE INJURED WORKER

As required by law, O.C.G.A. §34-9-81.1, this is a summary of your rights and responsibilities. The Workers' Compensation Law provides you, as a worker in the State of Georgia, with certain rights and responsibilities should you be injured on the job. The Workers' Compensation Law provides you coverage for a work-related injury even if an injury occurs on the first day on the job. In addition to rights, you also have certain responsibilities. Your rights and responsibilities are described below.

### Employee's Rights

1. If you are injured on the job, you may receive medical rehabilitation and income benefits. These benefits are provided to help you return to work. Your dependents may also receive benefits if you die as a result of a job-related injury.
2. Your employer is required to post a list of at least six doctors or the name of the certified WC/MCO that provides medical care, unless the Board has granted an exception. You may choose a doctor from the list and make one change to another doctor on the list without the permission of your employer. However, in an emergency, you may get temporary medical care from any doctor until the emergency is over, then you must get treatment from a doctor on the posted list.
3. Your authorized doctor bills, hospital bills, rehabilitation in some cases, physical therapy, prescriptions, and necessary travel expenses will be paid if injury was caused by an accident on the job. All injuries occurring on or before June 30, 2013 shall be entitled to lifetime medical benefits. If your accident occurred on or after July 1, 2013 medical treatment shall be limited to a maximum of 400 weeks from the accident date. If your injury is catastrophic in nature you may be entitled to lifetime medical benefits.
4. You are entitled to weekly income benefits if you have more than seven days of lost time due to an injury. Your first check should be mailed to you within 21 days after the first day you missed work. If you are out more than 21 consecutive days due to your injury, you will be paid for the first week.
5. Accidents are classified as being either catastrophic or non-catastrophic. Catastrophic injuries are those involving amputations, severe paralysis, severe head injuries, severe burns, blindness, or of a nature and severity that prevents the employee from being able to perform his or her prior work and any work available in substantial numbers within the national economy. In catastrophic cases, you are entitled to receive two-thirds of your average weekly wage but not more than \$575 per week for a job-related injury for as long as you are unable to return to work. You also are entitled to receive medical and vocational rehabilitation benefits to help in recovering from your injury. If you need help in this area call the State Board of Workers' Compensation at (404) 656-0849.
6. In all other cases (non-catastrophic), you are entitled to receive two-thirds of your average weekly wage but not more than \$575 per week for a job related injury. You will receive these weekly benefits as long as you are totally disabled, but no longer than 400 weeks. If you are not working and it is determined that you have been capable of performing work with restrictions for 52 consecutive weeks or 78 aggregate weeks, your weekly income benefits will be reduced to two-thirds of your average weekly wage but no more than \$383 per week, not to exceed 350 weeks.
7. When you are able to return to work, but can only get a lower paying job as a result of your injury, you are entitled to a weekly benefit of not more than \$383 per week for no longer than 350 weeks.
8. Your dependent(s), in the event you die as a result of an on-the-job accident, will receive burial expenses up to \$7,500 and two-thirds of your average weekly wage, but not more than \$575 per week. A widowed spouse with no children will be paid a maximum of \$230,000. Benefits continue until he/she remarries or openly cohabits with a person of the opposite sex.
9. If you do not receive benefits when due, the insurance carrier/employer must pay a penalty, which will be added to your payments.

### Employee's Responsibilities

1. You should follow written rules of safety and other reasonable policies and procedures of the employer.
2. You must report any accident immediately, but not later than 30 days after the accident, to your employer, your employer's representative, your foreman or immediate supervisor. Failure to do so may result in the loss of the benefits.
3. An employee has a continuing obligation to cooperate with medical providers in the course of their treatment for work related injuries. You must accept reasonable medical treatment and rehabilitation services when ordered by the State Board of Workers' Compensation or the Board may suspend your benefits.
4. No compensation shall be allowed for an injury or death due to the employee's willful misconduct.
5. You must notify the insurance carrier/employer of your address when you move to a new location. You should notify the insurance carrier/employer when you are able to return to full-time or part-time work and report the amount of your weekly earnings because you may be entitled to some income benefits even though you have returned to work.
6. A dependent spouse of a deceased employee shall notify the insurance carrier/employer upon change of address or remarriage.
7. You must attempt a job approved by the authorized treating physician even if the pay is lower than the job you had when you were injured. If you do not attempt the job, your benefits may be suspended.
8. If you believe you are due benefits and your insurance carrier/employer denies these benefits, you must file a claim within one year after the date of last authorized medical treatment or within two years of your last payment of weekly benefits or you will lose your right to these benefits.
9. If your dependent(s) do not receive allowable benefit payments, the dependent(s) must file a claim with the State Board of Workers' Compensation within one year after your death or lose the right to these benefits.
10. Any request for reimbursement to you for mileage or other expenses related to medical care must be submitted to the insurance carrier/employer within one year of the date the expense was incurred.
11. If an employee unjustifiably refuses to submit to a drug test following an on-the-job injury, there shall be a presumption that the accident and injury were caused by alcohol or drugs. If the presumption is not overcome by other evidence, any claim for workers' compensation benefits would be denied.
12. You shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or imprisonment, up to 12 months, or both, for making false or misleading statements when claiming benefits. Also, any false statements or false evidence given under oath during the course of any administrative or appellate division hearing is perjury.

The State Board of Workers' Compensation will provide you with information regarding how to file a claim and will answer any other questions regarding your rights under the law. If you are calling in the Atlanta area the telephone number is (404) 656-3818, outside the metro Atlanta area call 1-800-533-0682, or write the State Board of Workers' Compensation at: 270 Peachtree Street, N.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303-1299 or visit our website: <http://www.sbwgc.georgia.gov>. A lawyer is not needed to file a claim with the Board; however, if you think you need a lawyer and do not have your own personal lawyer, you may contact the Lawyer Referral Service at (404) 521-0777 or 1-800-237-2629.

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT THE STATE BOARD OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION AT 404-656-3818 OR 1-800-533-0682 OR VISIT <http://www.sbwgc.georgia.gov>  
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# JUNTA ESTATAL DE COMPENSACIÓN DE TRABAJADORES DE GEORGIA

## DECLARACIÓN DE DERECHOS PARA EL TRABAJADOR LESIONADO

Según lo requiere la Ley O.C.G.A. §34-9-81.1, esto es un recuento de sus derechos y responsabilidades. La Ley de Compensación de Trabajadores le provee a usted, como trabajador en el Estado de Georgia, ciertos derechos y responsabilidades si usted se lesiona en el trabajo. La Ley de Compensación de Trabajador lo provee a usted con cobertura de lesiones relacionadas con el trabajo aunque su lesión sea en el primer día de trabajo. Además de sus derechos, usted también tiene ciertas responsabilidades. Sus derechos y responsabilidades están descritos abajo.

### Derechos de los Empleados

1. Si usted se lesiona en el trabajo, usted puede recibir rehabilitación médica y beneficios de ingresos. Estos beneficios son proveídos para ayudarlo a regresar al trabajo. También sus dependientes pueden recibir beneficios si usted muere como resultado de lesiones recibidas en el trabajo.
2. Se le requiere a su empleador que anuncie una lista de seis doctores o por lo menos el nombre de un WC/ MCO certificado que provee cuidados médicos, al menos que la Junta halla otorgado una excepción. Usted puede escoger un doctor de la lista sin el permiso de su empleador. Sin embargo, en una emergencia, usted puede recibir asistencia medica temporaria de cualquier otro medico hasta que la emergencia termine después usted debe recibir tratamiento de los médicos que se anuncian en la lista.
3. Sus cuentas médicas autorizadas, cuentas de hospital, rehabilitación en algunos casos, terapia física, recetas y gastos de transporte serán pagados si la lesión fue ocasionada por un accidente en el trabajo. Todas las lesiones que ocurren en o antes 30 de junio de 2013 se tendrá derecho a beneficios médicos de por vida. Si el accidente ocurrió en o 1 de julio del 2013 el tratamiento médico será limitado a un máximo de 400 semanas a partir de la fecha del accidente . Si su lesión es catastrófica en la naturaleza que puede tener derecho a beneficios médicos de por vida.
4. Usted tiene derecho a recibir beneficios de ingresos semanales si usted ha perdido tiempo por más de siete días debido a una lesión. Su primer cheque debe ser enviado a usted dentro de 21 días, después del primer día que faltó al trabajo. Si esta fuera más de 21 días consecutivos debido a su lesión, se le pagara la primera semana.
5. Los accidentes son clasificados ya sea catastróficos o no catastróficos. Lesiones catastróficas son las que envuelven amputación, parálisis severas, lesiones severas de la cabeza, quemaduras severas, ceguera que prevenga al empleado a que pueda realizar el o ella su trabajo anterior o cualquier otro trabajo disponible en numero considerable dentro de la economía nacional. En casos catastróficos usted tiene derecho a recibir un promedio de dos terceras partes de su ingreso semanal pero no más de \$575 por semana por una lesión relacionada con el trabajo durante todo el tiempo que usted no pueda regresar a su trabajo. Usted también tiene derecho a recibir beneficios médicos y de rehabilitación. Si usted necesita ayuda en esta área llame a la Junta Estatal de Compensación de Trabajadores al (404) 656-0849.
6. En todos los otros casos (no catastróficos) usted tiene el derecho a recibir dos terceras partes de su sueldo promedio semanal pero no más de \$575 por semana de una lesión relacionada de trabajo, usted recibirá estos beneficios mientras usted este incapacitado. Pero no más de 400 semanas si no esta trabajando y se determina que usted esta capacitado a desempeñar con restricción por 52 semanas consecutivas o 78 semanas agregadas sus ingresos semanales serán reducidos a dos terceras partes de su sueldo promedio pero no más de \$383 por semana, que no excedan 350 semanas.
7. Cuando usted pueda regresar a trabajar pero solo pueda conseguir empleo de salario bajo como resultado de su lesión usted tiene derecho a un beneficio semanal de no más de \$383 por semana pero no más de 350 semanas.
8. En caso de que usted muera como resultado de un accidente en el trabajo, su dependiente (s) recibirán para gastos de entierro \$7,500 y dos terceras partes de su sueldo promedio semanal, pero no más de \$575 por semana. Una esposa viuda sin niños se le pagara un máximo de \$230,000 en beneficios continuos hasta que EL/ELLA se vuelva a casar o abiertamente cohabite con una persona del sexo opuesto.
9. Si usted no recibe beneficios cuando sea debido, la compañía de seguro/empleador debe de pagar penalidades, que se agregaran a sus pagos.

### Responsabilidades de los Empleados

1. Usted debe de seguir las reglas escritas de seguridad y otras pólizas razonables y procedimientos del empleador.
2. Usted debe reportar cualquier accidente inmediatamente, pero no más tarde de 30 días después del accidente, a su empleador, los representantes del empleador, su capataz o supervisor inmediato. Fallar en hacerlo puede resultar en la perdida de sus beneficios.
3. Un empleado tiene la continua obligación de cooperar con proveedores médicos en el curso de su tratamiento relacionado con lesiones de trabajo. Usted debe aceptar tratamientos médicos razonables y servicios de rehabilitación cuando sean ordenados por la Junta Estatal de Compensación de Trabajadores o la Junta puede suspender sus beneficios.
4. No se permitirá compensación por una lesión o muerte debido a una conducta mal intencionada de los empleados.
5. Debe de notificar a la compañía de seguro/empleador de su dirección cuando se mude a un nuevo lugar. Usted debe notificar a la compañía de seguros/empleador cuando usted halla regresado a trabajar de tiempo completo o medio tiempo y reportar la cantidad de su salario semanal porque usted puede tener derecho a algún beneficio de ingreso aun así halla regresado al trabajo.
6. Una esposa dependiente de un empleado difunto debe notificar a la compañía de seguro/ empleador de cambios de dirección o nuevo matrimonio.
7. Usted debe intentar un trabajo aprobado por su medico autorizado aunque el pago sea mas bajo que en el trabajo que usted tenia cuando se lesionó, si usted no intenta el trabajo sus beneficios pueden ser suspendidos.
8. Si usted cree que debe recibir beneficios y su compañía de seguros/empleador niega estos beneficios. Usted debe de hacer un reclamo dentro de un año después del ultimo tratamiento medico o dentro de dos años de su último pago de beneficios semanales o usted perderá sus derechos a estos beneficios.
9. Si su (s) dependiente (s) no reciben beneficio de pagos permitidos. El dependiente debe hacer un reclamo con la Junta Estatal de Compensación de Trabajadores dentro de un año después de su muerte o perderán los derechos a estos beneficios.
10. Algún pedido de reembolso a usted por millas o otros gastos relacionados con tratamiento medico debe ser sometidos a la compañía de seguros/empleador dentro de un año del día que los gastos fueron incurridos.
11. Si un empleado injustificadamente rehúsa a someterse a una prueba de droga después de una lesión en el trabajo habrá una presunción de que el accidente y lesión fueran causados por droga o alcohol. Si la presunción no se sobrepone por otras evidencias, algún reclamo hecho para beneficios de compensación de Trabajador serán negados.
12. Usted será culpable de un delito menor y una vez convicto debe ser castigado con una multa de no más de \$10,000.00 o encarcelamiento de hasta 12 meses o las dos, por hacer declaraciones falsas o engañosos testimonios cuando reclame beneficios. También cualquier declaración falsa o evidencia falsa dadas bajo juramento durante el curso de alguna audiencia de división de apelación o administración es perjurio.

La Junta de Compensación de Trabajadores le proporcionará la información relativa a la manera de presentar una reclamación y responderá a cualquier preguntas adicionales sobre sus derechos en virtud de la ley. Si usted llama en la zona de Atlanta, el teléfono es el (404) 656-3818 y fuera de la zona metropolitana de Atlanta, llame al 1-800-533-0682, o escriba a la Junta Estatal de Compensación de Trabajadores a 270 Peachtree Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303-1299 o visita sitio web: <http://www.sbwg.georgia.gov>. No es necesario tener un abogado para presentar una reclamación a la Junta; sin embargo, si usted cree que necesita los servicios de un abogado y no tiene uno propio, usted puede ponerse en contacto con el Servicio de Referencia de Abogados (Lawyers Referral Service) al teléfono (404) 521-0777 o al 1-800-237-2629.